(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि इन छात्रों को अब किसी भी कालेज में दाखिला नहीं मिल रहा है और दाखिला लेने की अंतिम तारीख भी निकल चुकी है; और

(घ) क्या यह भी सच है कि कम्प्यूटर की सहायता से हड़बड़ी में रिजल्ट तैयार करने के कारण कई तरह की गलतियां हुई हैं?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री अर्जुन सिंह): (क) केन्द्रीय माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड द्वारा दी गई सूचना के अनुसार, दिल्ली क्षेत्र में 41 परीक्षार्थियों की अंक सूचियों में 'उत्तीर्ण' शब्द के स्थान पर 'कम्पार्टमेन्ट' शब्द कम्प्यूटर प्रोग्राम की त्रुटि के कारण भूल से छप गया है। आवश्यक संशोधनों के उपरान्त, के०मा० शि०बो० द्वारा ऐसे परीक्षार्थियों को संशोधित अंक सूचियां जारी कर दी गई हैं।

(ख) और (ग) दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा दी गई सूचना के अनुसार, विश्वविद्यालय को इस सम्बन्ध में कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नहीं हुई है। तथापि, यदि ऐसी शिकायतें नोटिस में लाई जाती हैं तो विश्वविद्यालय उन व्यक्तिगत शिकायतों की जांच-पड़ताल करेगा।

(घ) के. मा. शि. बो. के अनुसार 1991 में बोर्ड द्वारा संचालित 12वीं कक्षा की परीक्षा में उपस्थित हुए परीक्षार्थियों की अंक-सूचियों में कोई अन्य त्रुटि अभी तक बोर्ड के नोटिस में नहीं लाई गई है।

Objectives of National Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Financial Corporation

1265. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHANDRAN: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the object of National Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Financial Corporation;

(b) what are the details of its programme and schemes to improve the lots of Backward and Scheduled Castes people;

(c) what is the amount of assistance in terms of money (loan, aid), (separately) the corporation has given to the Scheduled Castes and Backward Classes;

(d) whether the Corporation has any objective schemes to assist entrepreneurs from Scheduled Castes and Backward Class to establish Small Scale Industrial Units; and

(e) if so, what is the number of entrepreneurs who have so far been given assistance and what is the amount spent on them (year wise figures from 1985-86 to 1991) with break up particulars for Scheduled Castes and Backward Class beneficiaries?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI): (a) The objective of the National Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation is to fill the critical gaps in the developmental programmes for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes by increasing the flow of funds for income generating shcemes by providing funds for economically viable and technically feasible projects.

(b) The Corporation is assisting programmes and schemes in the fields of agriculture, industry, transport and services sectors and training to inculcate/improve skills among Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to promote self-employment.

(c) A statement is laid on the table of the Sabha.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) A statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

Amount of assistance given by the corporation to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and the Number of beneficiaries

The Corporation was incorporated on the 8th February, 1989.

The Corporation has sanctioned following loans to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes till 26th July, 1991. It does not assist backward class.

Year-wise Break-up of sanctions (*Rs. in Lakhs*)

Sanction year	No. of Schemes	Cost of Schemes	NSFDC's Share	No. of beneficiaries w.r.t. sanctions (both SCs and STs)
1989-90	20	895.78	366.19	5796
1990-91	65	17029.67	9793.55	113883
1991-92	15	683.77	456.55	2686
TOTAL	100	18609.22	10615.79	122365

Funds disbursed against sanctions 934.59

Promotion of Export of textile goods

1266. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHANDRAN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what measures have been taken by Government to improve export Competitiveness of Indian textile goods;

(b) what is the amount of foreign exchange, India was earning in the years 1986-87, 1987-88, 1988-89, 1989-90, 1990-91 and the current year till date, through textile goods exports;

(c) whether Government contemplates any step to establish export oriented Garments making small cottage industrial units in rural areas; and

(d) if not, what are the reason therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) The measures taken by Government to improve export competitiveness of Indian textile goods include (i) modernising the industry by allowing import of sophisticated textile machinery at concessional duty; (ii) liberalised import of trimming and embellishments etc. required by garment exporters; (iii) setting up a Laboratory and Test Centre for cotton hosiery at Tirupur and an Apparel Training Centre at Bombay; (iv) setting up of National Institute of Fashion Technology; (v) organising Buyer-Seller-Meets and Study Tours etc; (vi) adjustment of value of rupee against major foreign currencies and (vii) enhanced and liberalised REP licence scheme.

(b) The details of earnings from export of textile goods are as follows:

	Value in Rs. crores/provisional
1986-87	2578.90
1987-88	3781.01
1988-89	4365.09
1989-90	6473.22
1990-91	8362.87
1991-92 (Upto May '91)	1513.41